



CONTROVERSES ET ACTUALITÉS EN CHIRURGIE VASCULAIRE
CONTROVERSIES & UPDATES IN VASCULAR SURGERY

JANUARY 25-27 2018



MARRIOTT RIVE GAUCHE & CONFERENCE CENTER, PARIS, FRANCE

When and how to use distal protection devices
for lower extremity revascularization

Peter A. Schneider, MD

Kaiser Foundation Hospital, Honolulu



Disclosure

Peter A. Schneider

Potential conflicts of interest to report:

Enter patients in studies sponsored by: Gore, Cordis, Medtronic, Silk Road, Bard, NIH, Limflow

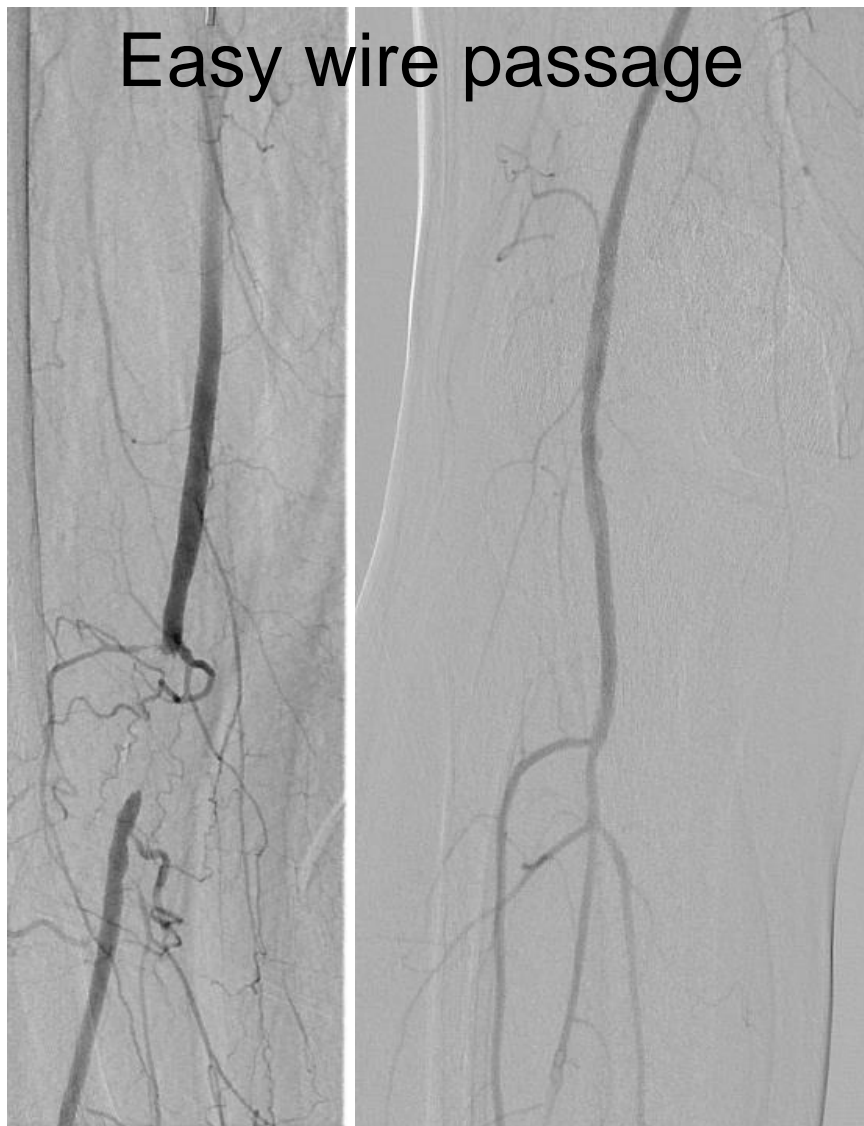
Modest royalty: Cook

Scientific Advisory Board (non-compensated): Abbott, Medtronic, Boston Scientific

Chief Medical Officer: Intact Vascular, Cagent



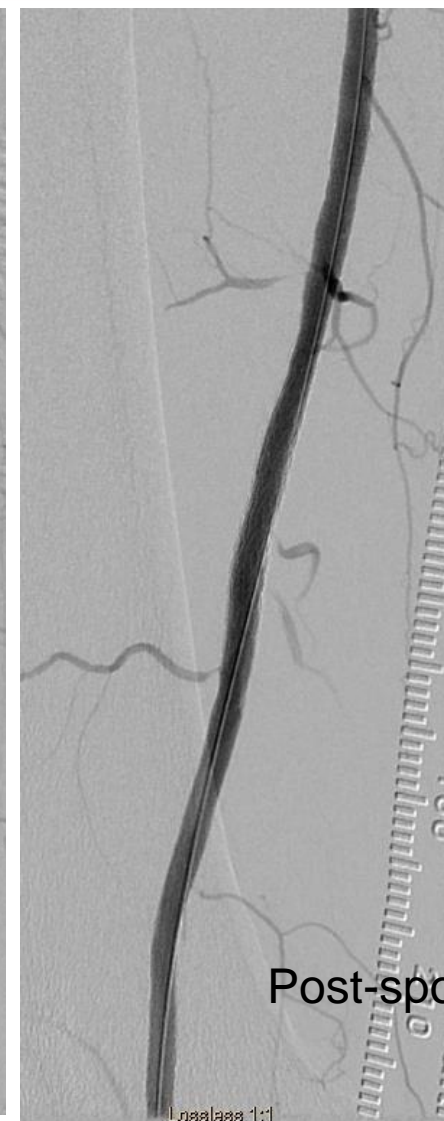
Easy wire passage

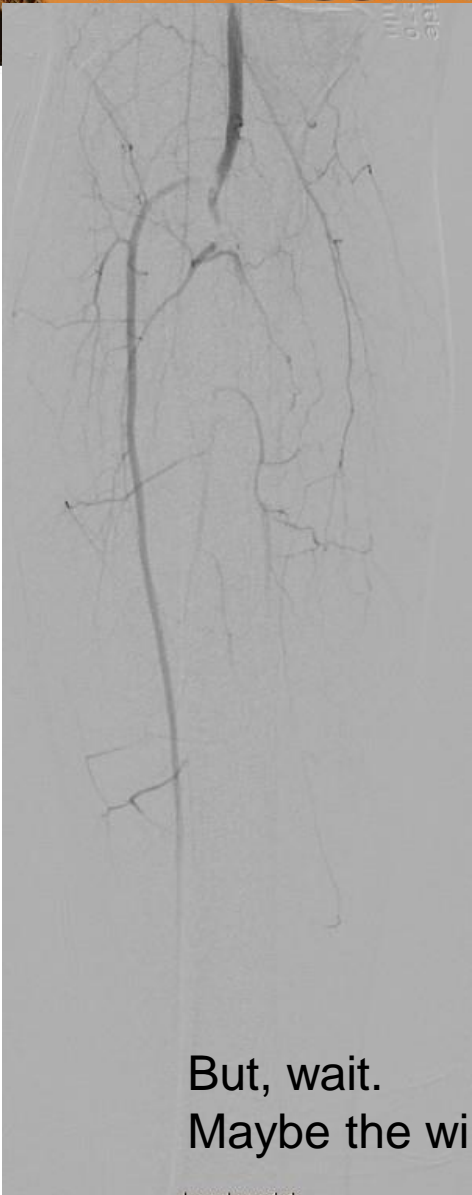


Post-DCB
Dissection



Post-spot stent





1 hour later

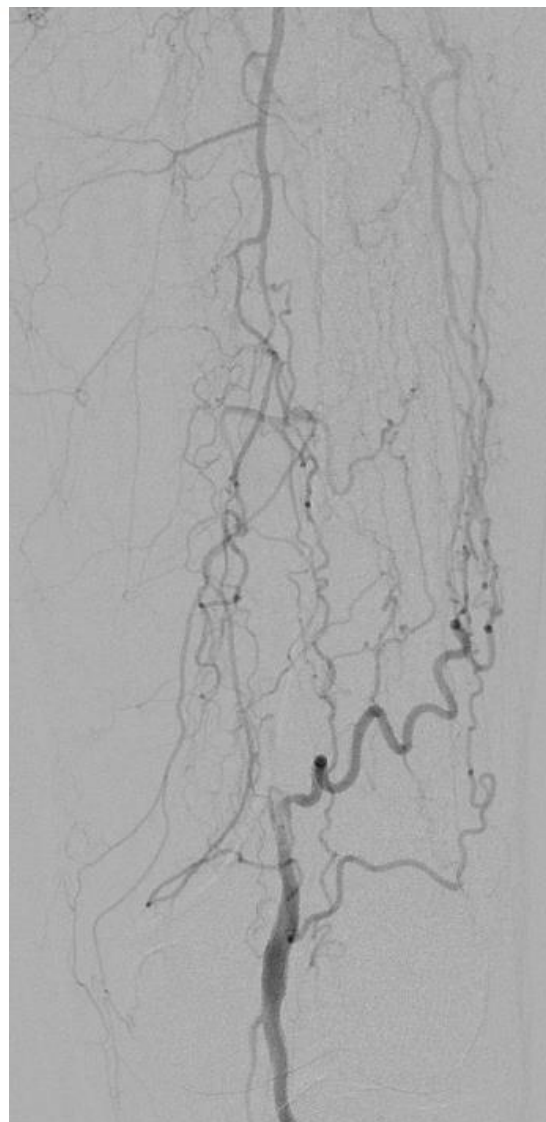
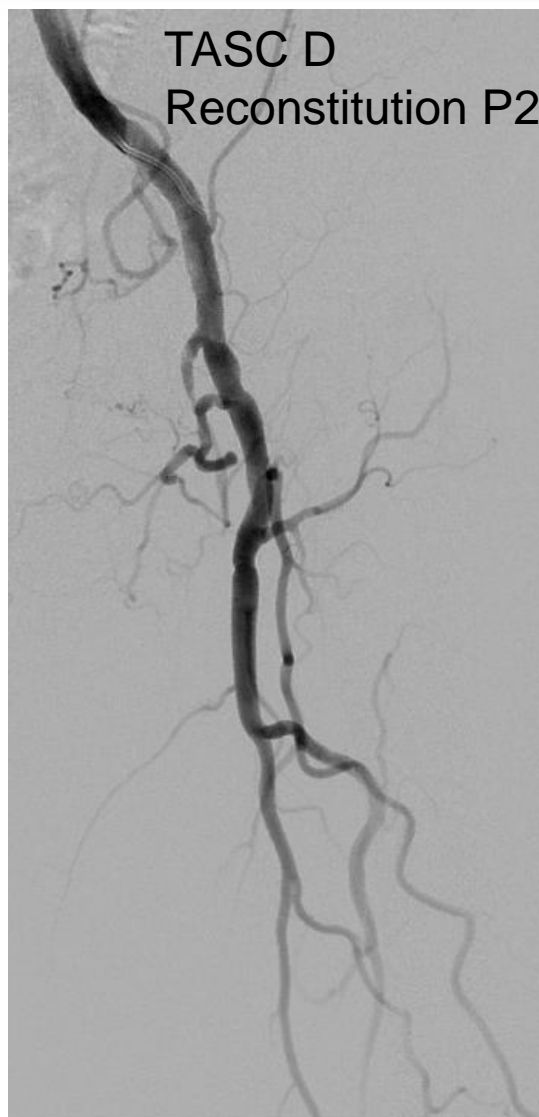


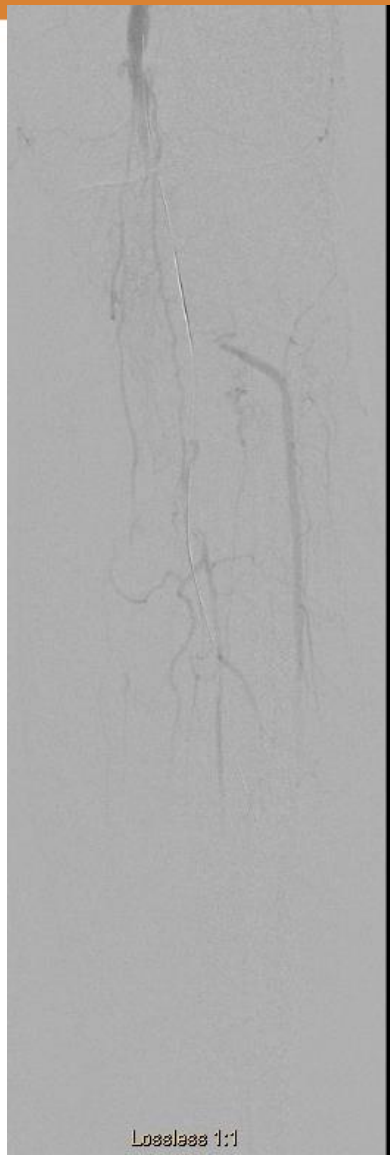
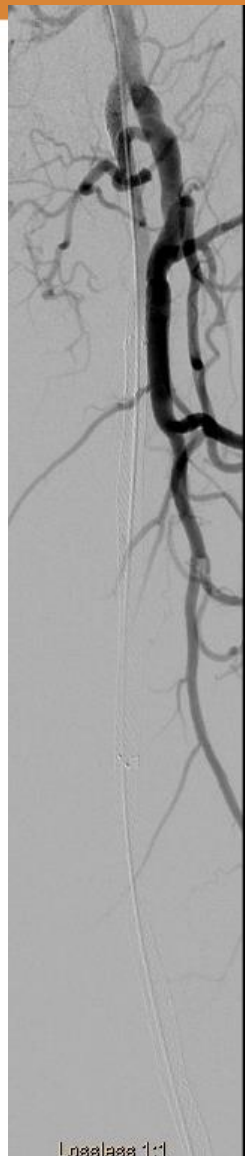
Wish I had used a filter!



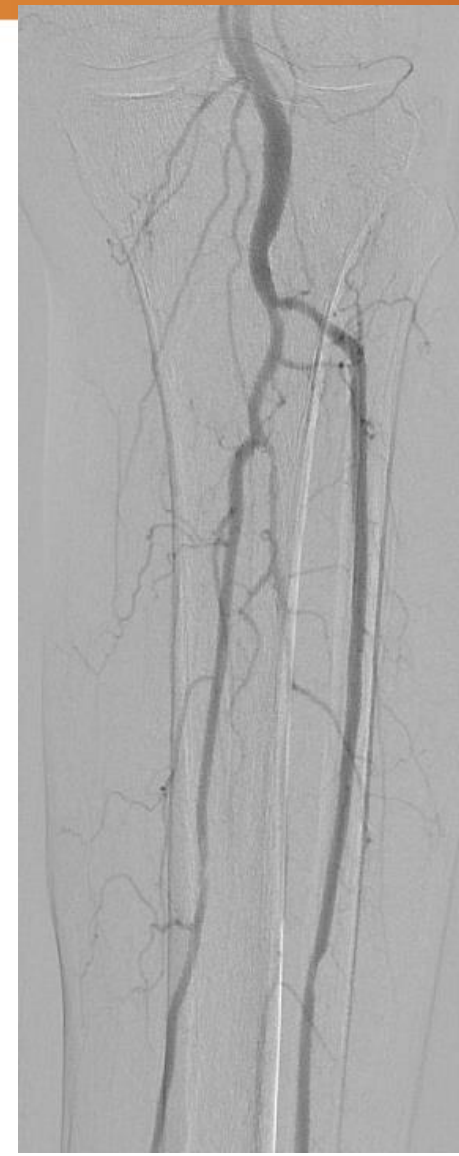
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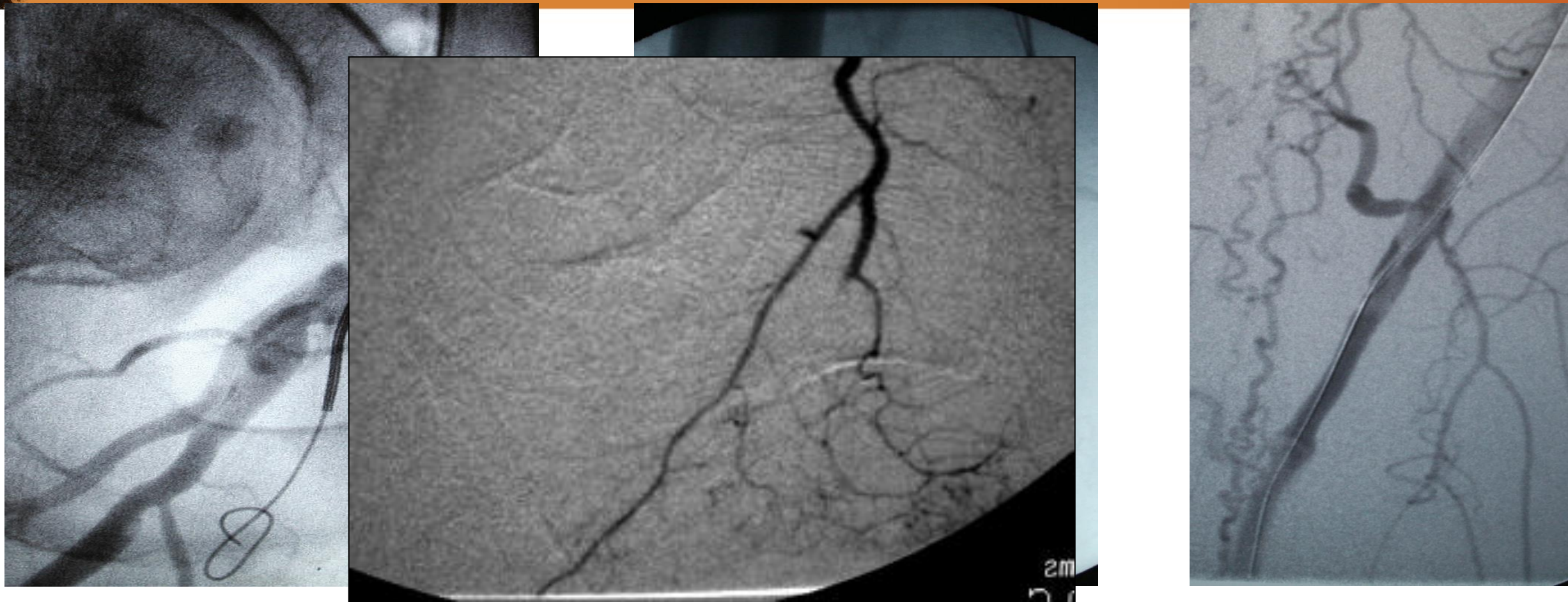




TPA, angiojet, anticoagulation



Wish I had used a filter!



Embolus to lateral plantar

Many of these remain subclinical-we don't know the long-term damage.



Problem of distal embolization

Reports of Embolization During Angioplasty/Stent Procedures and Thrombolytic Therapy
 for Treatment of Peripheral Artery Occlusive Disease

	N	Distal Embolization	Additional Treatment
Lin ¹⁰	493	8 (1.6%)	Surgical revision
Jahnke ¹⁵	328 (226 OTW, 102 RX)	4 (1.8%) OTW 0 (0%) RX	Aspiration
Matsi ¹⁷	295	11 (2.7%)	NA
Wholey ²⁰	237	9 (3.8%)	2 amputations
Matchett ¹³	80	15 (19%)	4 amputations
Uher ¹²	76	2 (2.6%)	Surgical revision
Chalmers ¹⁹	72	6 (8.3%)	Thrombectomy
Dyet ¹¹	43	1 (2.3%)	Surgical revision

Muller-Hulsbeck et al. J Endovasc Ther 2009;16:1163

Clinically apparent intra-procedural embolization Ranges from 2-19% overall
 Larger series of fem-pop interventions for PAD=2-4%

Lower Extremity Filters: Rationale

- Manage embolization:
 - carotid and coronary vein graft stenting.
- As more complex lower extremity lesions are treated with endovascular techniques the risk of embolization increases.
 - Now also applied to aortic arch.
- Quality of runoff is a significant determinant of limb salvage and also the ability to proceed with future options.



Author	N	Indication	Debris	Predictors	Comment
Schneider et al Veith, 2008	45	Selective	79%	Atherectomy ISR	Filter occlusion 15%
Allie et al TCT, 2008	115	Selective	70%	Atherectomy Occlusion	>2mm in 24%
Shammas et al JEVT, 2008	40	Primary	55%	Atherectomy	>2mm in 45%
Karnabatidis JEVT, 2006	48	Primary	58%	Occlusion Long lesion Thrombectomy	>3mm in 12%



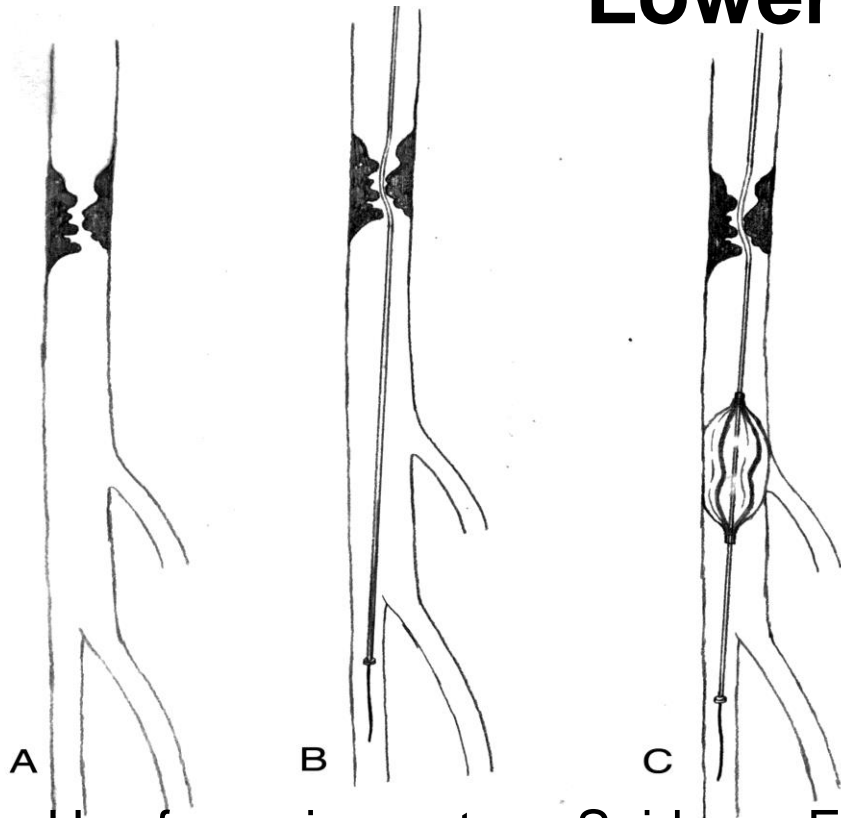
When to Use a Filter?

Complex Lower Extremity Lesions

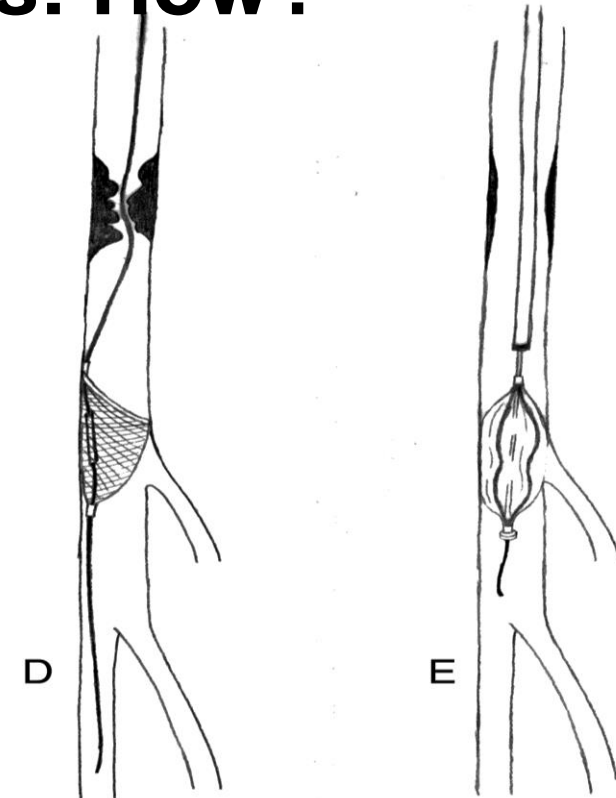
- Atherectomy: Directional, Rotational, Laser
- Embolizing lesions
- Thrombus removal: with percutaneous thrombectomy
- ISR and occluded stents
- Recent SFA occlusion (high thrombus content)
- Long segment lesions?



Lower Extremity Filters: How?

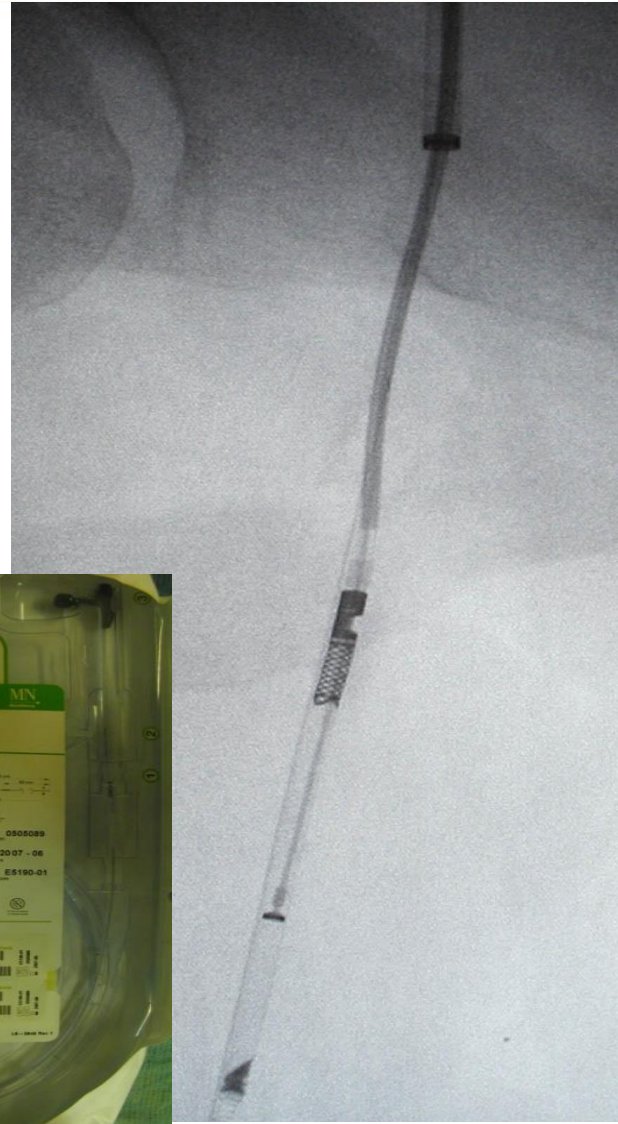
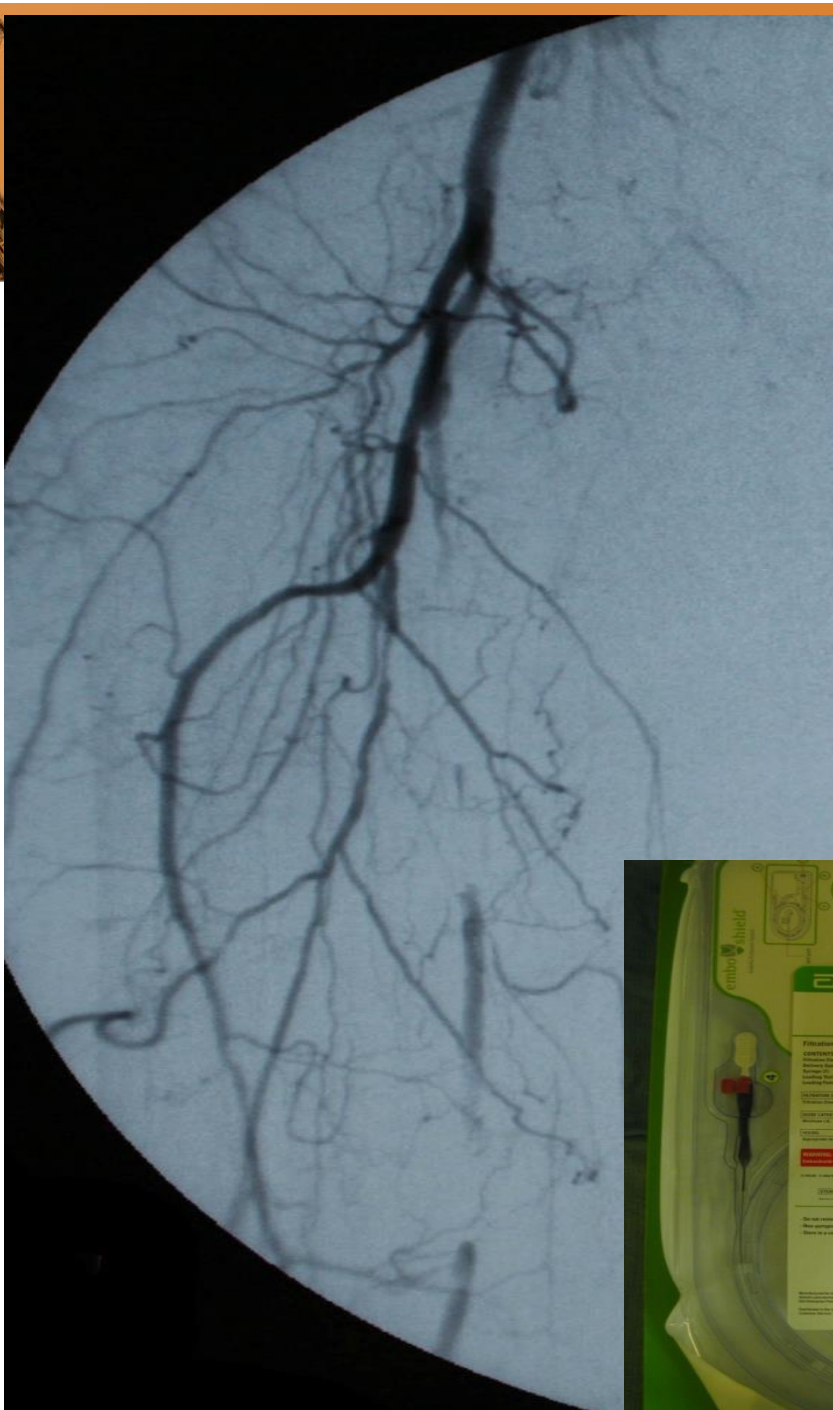


Use free-wire system: Spider or Emboshield
Place wire in tibial, park filter at trifurcation
Aspirate prior to removal



Disadvantages: Wire may not be ideal
If wire must be exchanged, filter must be removed
Filter may move during case

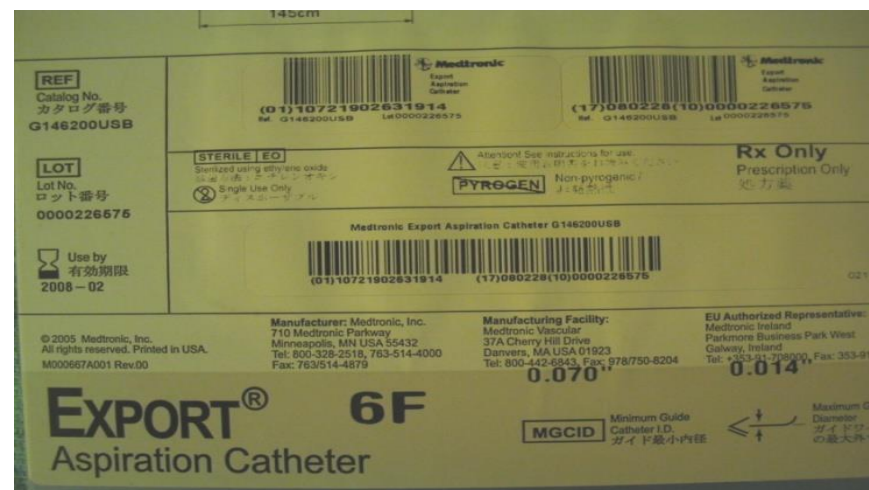
Silverhawk atherectomy of long SFA lesion



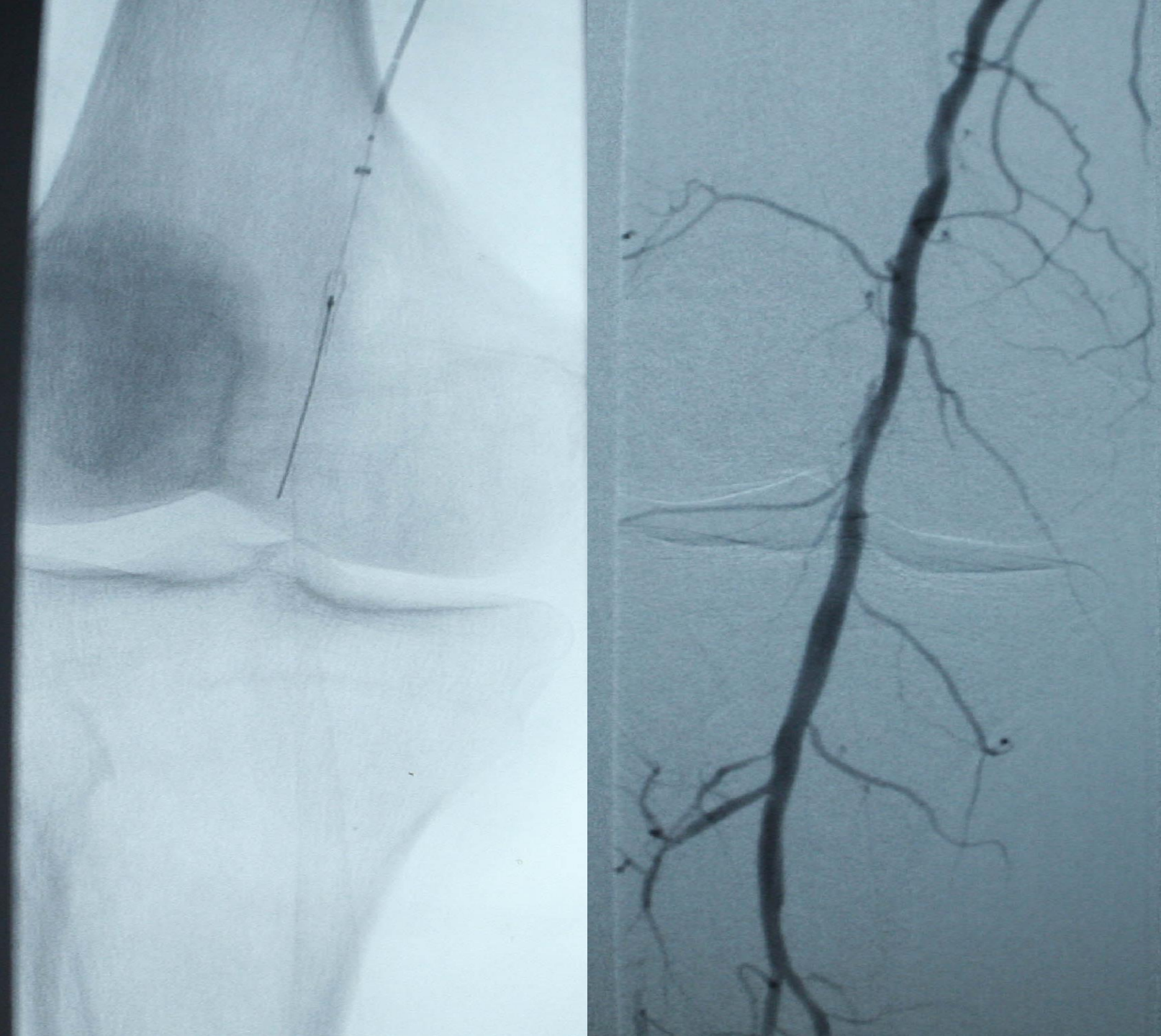
SCULAIRE
ATES
ERY

Filter

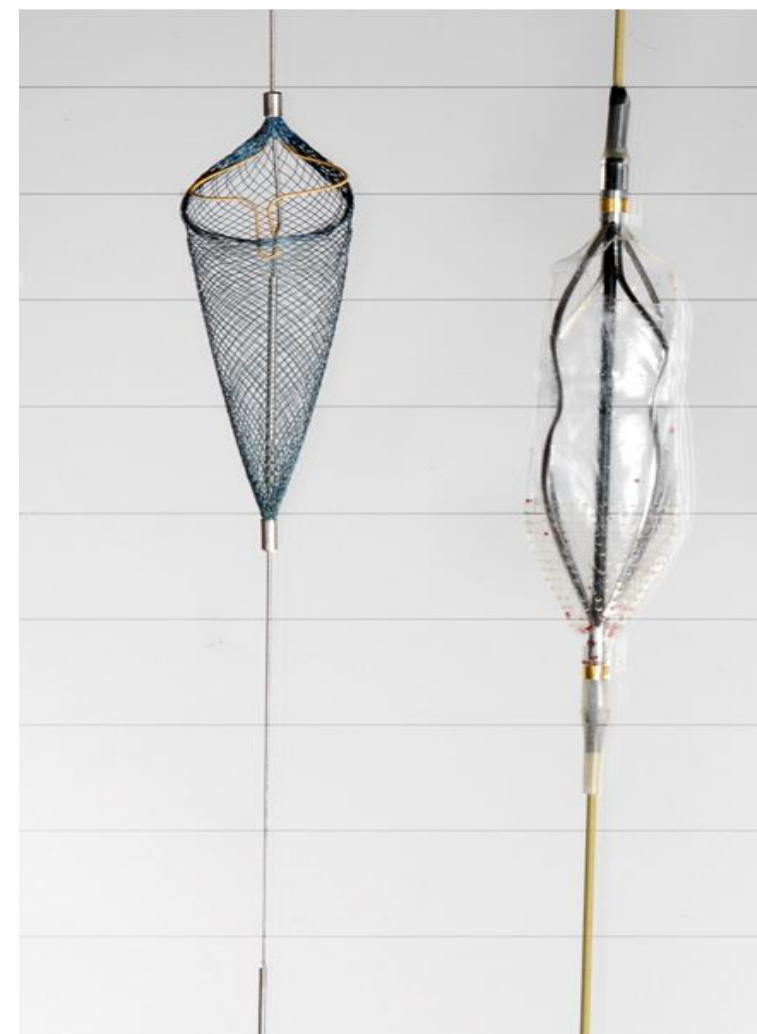
No flow due to
occluded filter



After aspiration
of filter

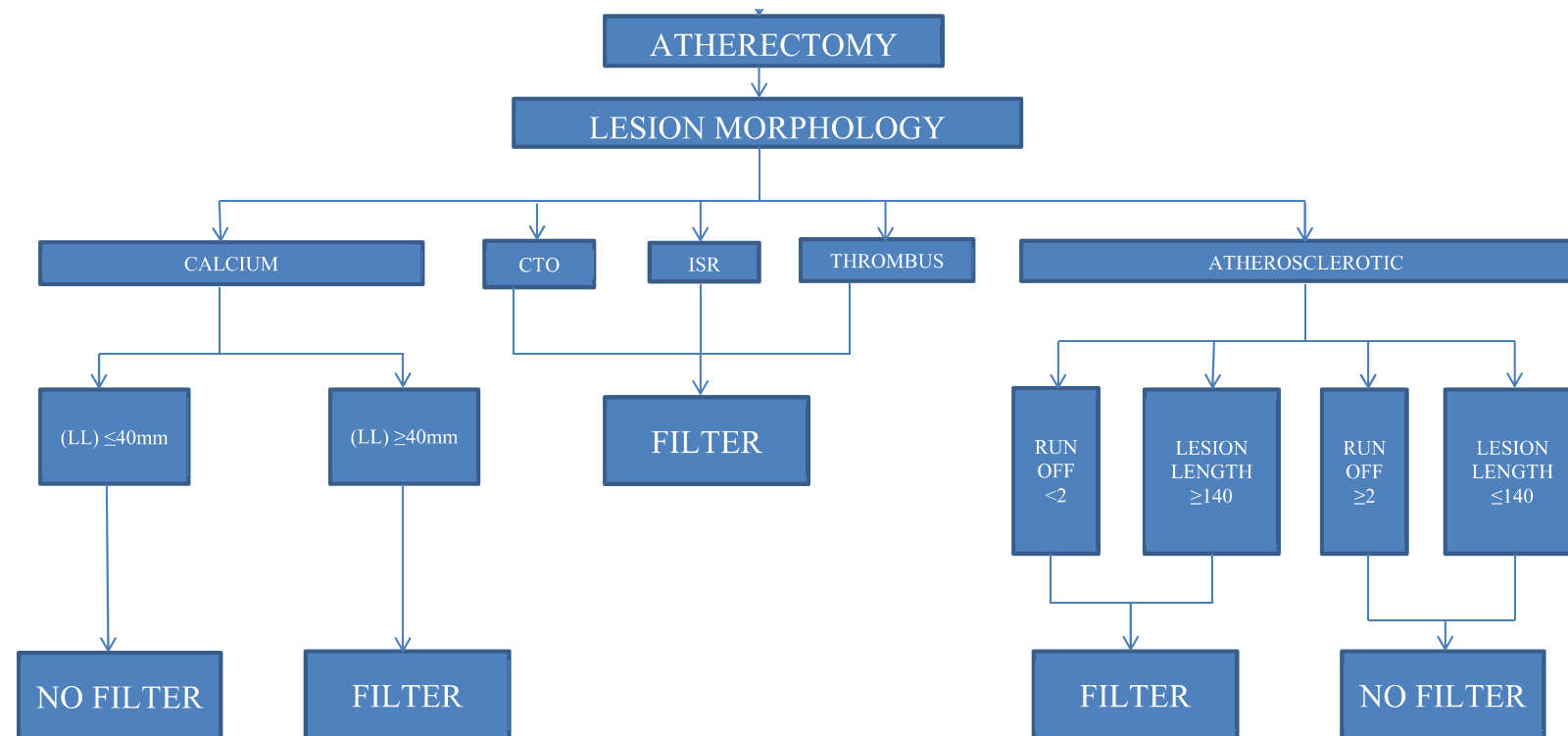


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Algorithm for Filter Use with Atherectomy



Higher risk of emboli

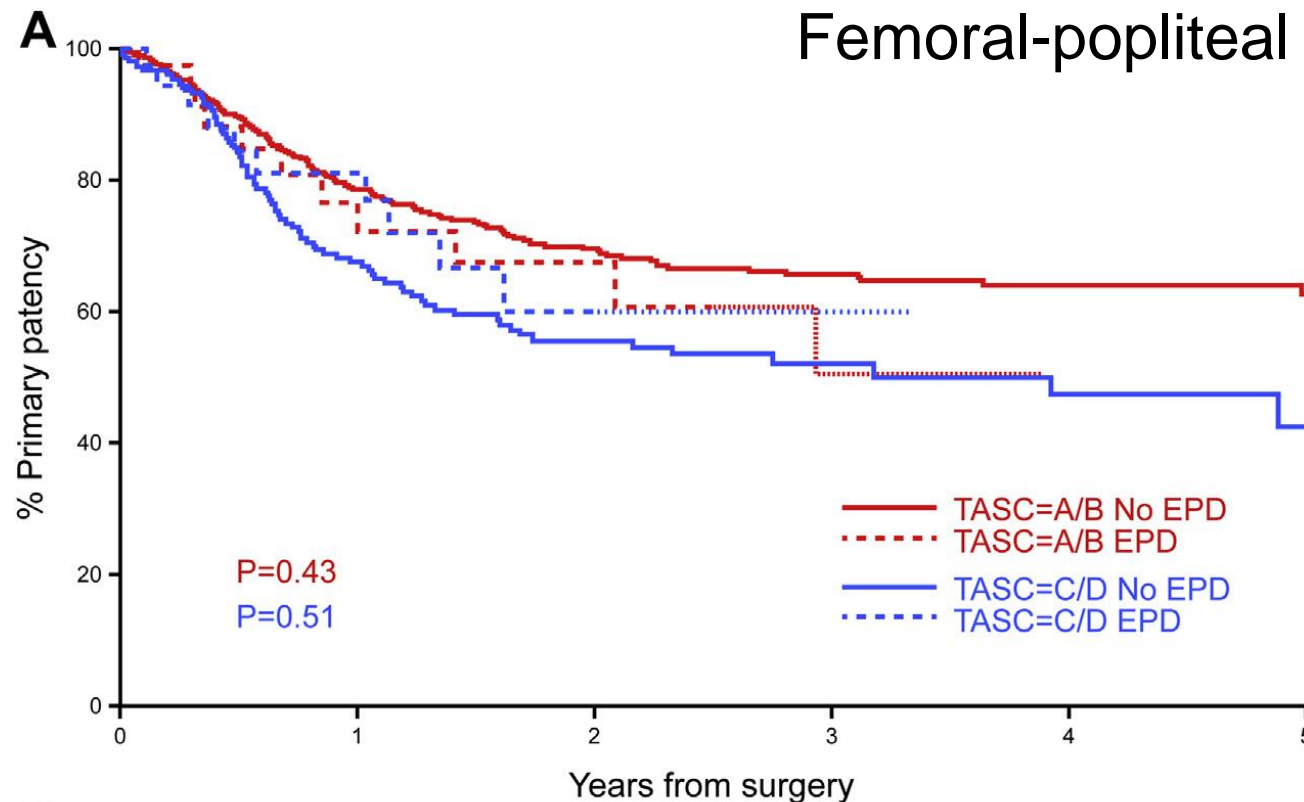
CTO

ISR

Thrombus

Long lesion >140mm

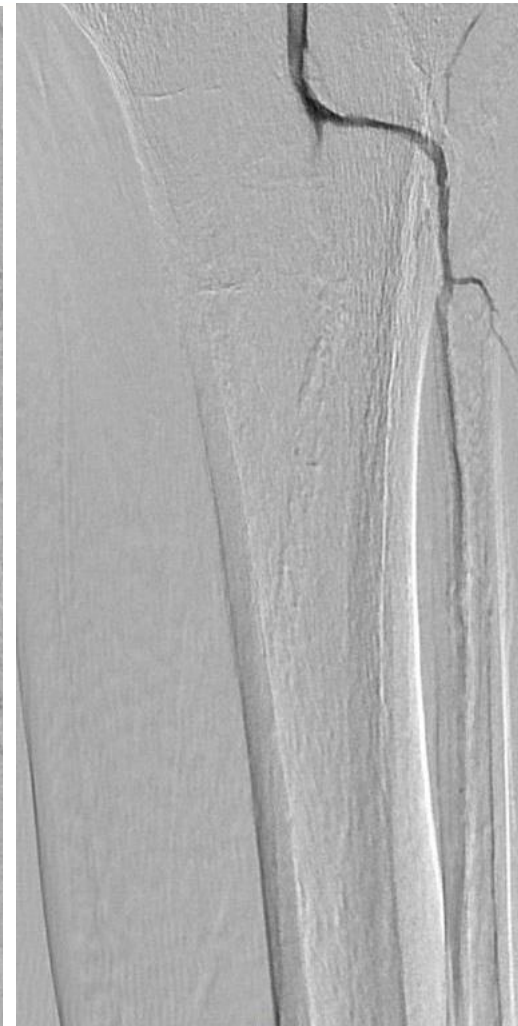
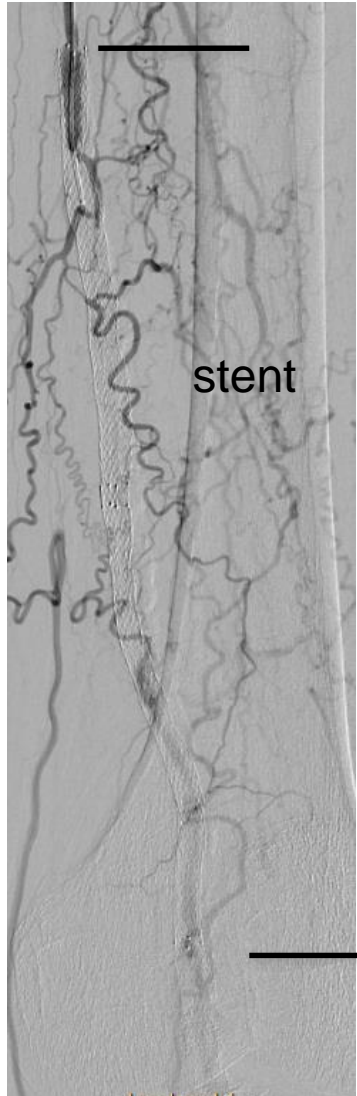
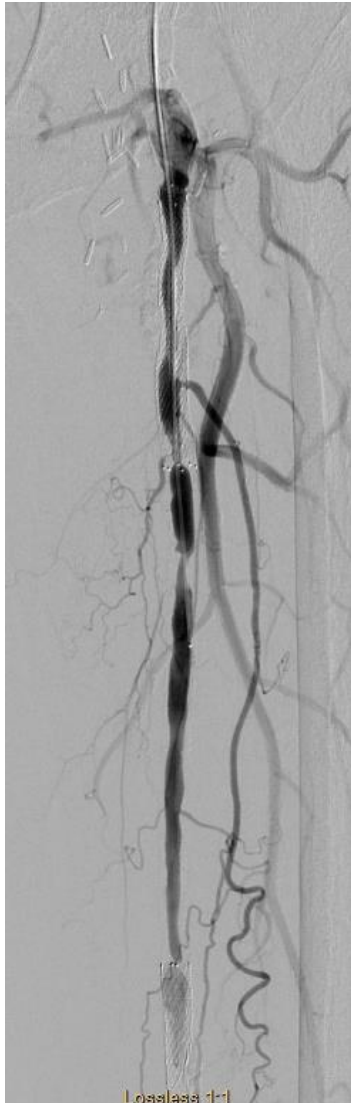
Calcified lesion >40mm



566 patients, 77 treated with Filters
4% of patients had clinically significant event
Emboli associated with occlusions
Debris retrieved 68%
2 patients had distal emboli despite filter

Emboli associated with re-intervention 21%
Amputation at 30d: 11%

Mayo experience
No difference in long term patency: filter vs no filter



Diseased runoff

Reconstituted P1/P2 at distal end of occluded stent

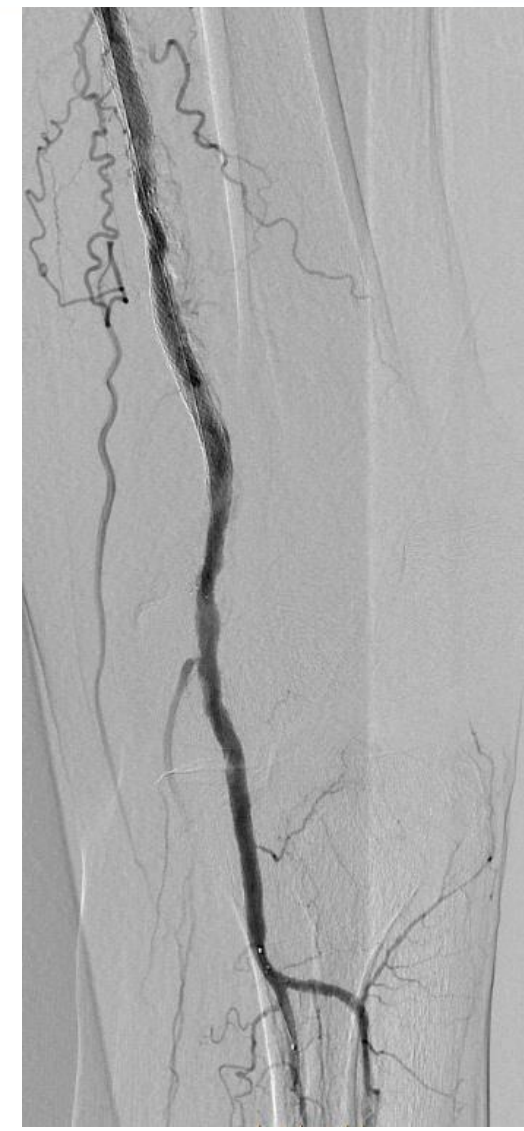
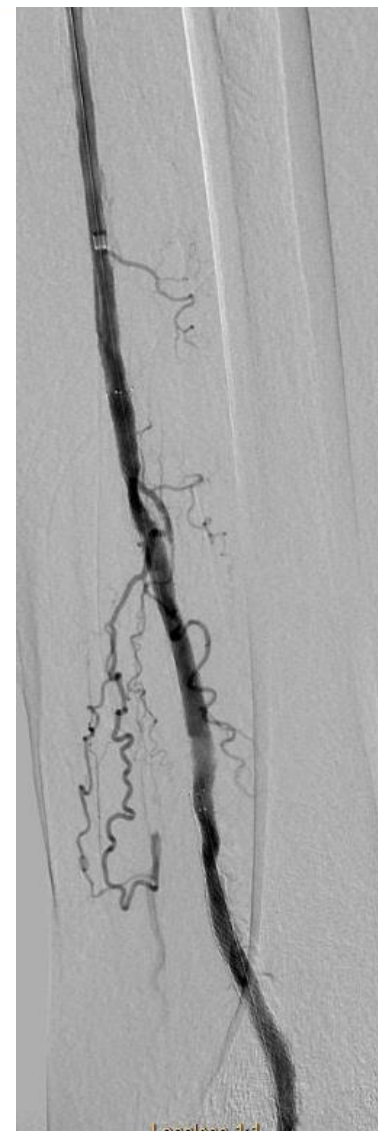


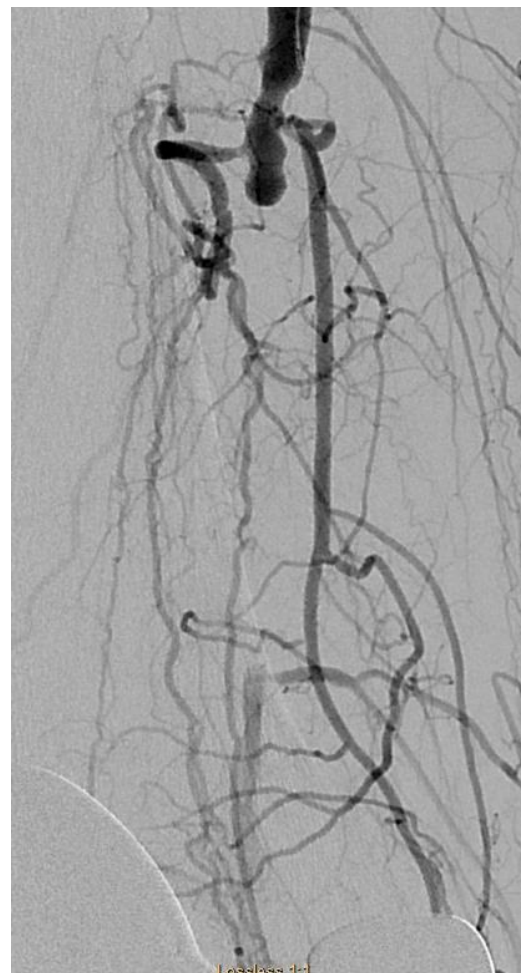
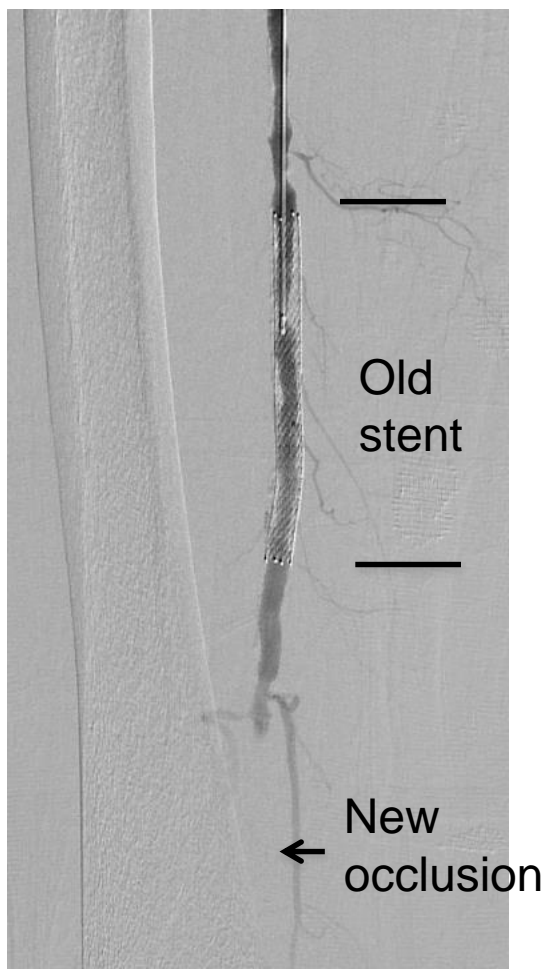
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Spider filter in BK popliteal





Sudden onset rest pain with occlusion P1.
Patent but diseased SFA stent. Slow filling of runoff vessels.



Lower Extremity Filters

Conclusion

- Will likely assume increasing role.
- Selective use of filters is warranted:
 - more likely to be helpful when managing complex lesions.
- Compelling case can be made for filters during:
 - Atherectomy, embolizing lesions, thrombus removal, ISR, recent occlusion, (long segment/TASC D lesions-not clear)