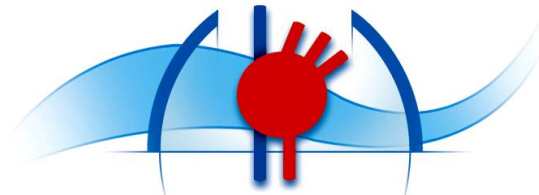


# Drug eluting therapies: *Just do it !*

**Y. Gouëffic, MD, PhD**

Department of vascular surgery, University hospital of Nantes, France

l'institut du thorax



# Disclosure

**Speaker name: Yann Gouëffic**

have the following potential conflicts of interest to report:

Receipt of grants/research support  
Details: Abbott; Bard; Medtronic; Terumo; WL Gore

Receipt of honoraria and travel support  
Details: Abbott; Bard; Boston Sc; Cook; WL Gore; Medtronic; Perouse; Spectranetics

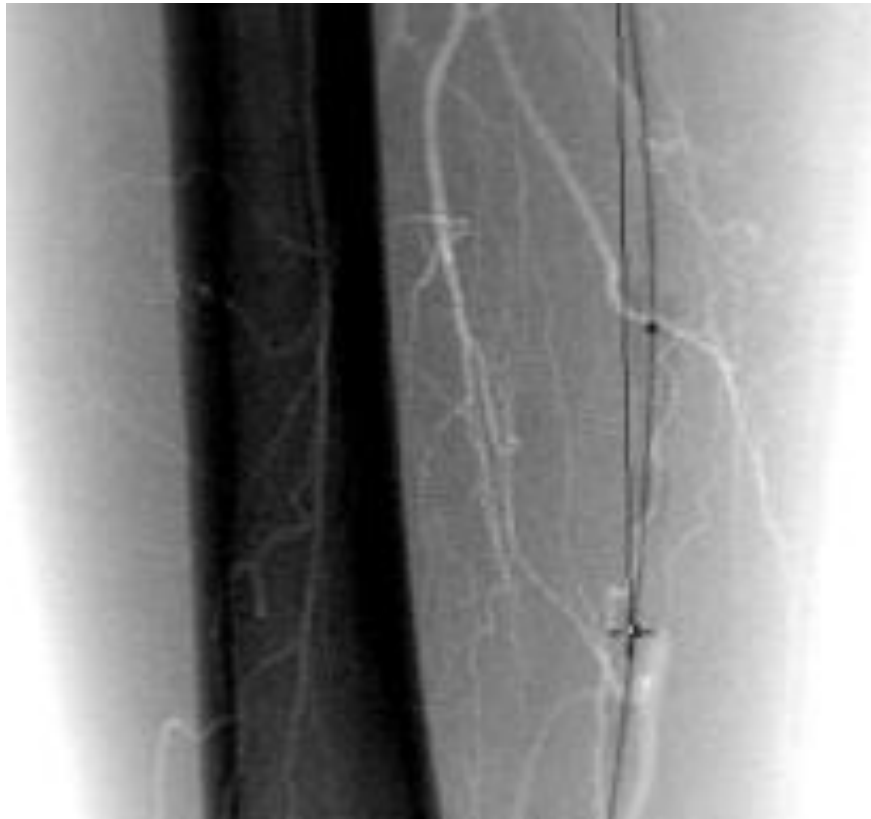
Employment in industry  
Details: /

Shareholder in a healthcare company  
Details: /

Owner of a healthcare company  
Details: /

do not have any potential conflicts of interest to report

# What is the best strategy for femoropopliteal lesions?



**POBA**

**Bare metal stent**

**Drug eluting stent**

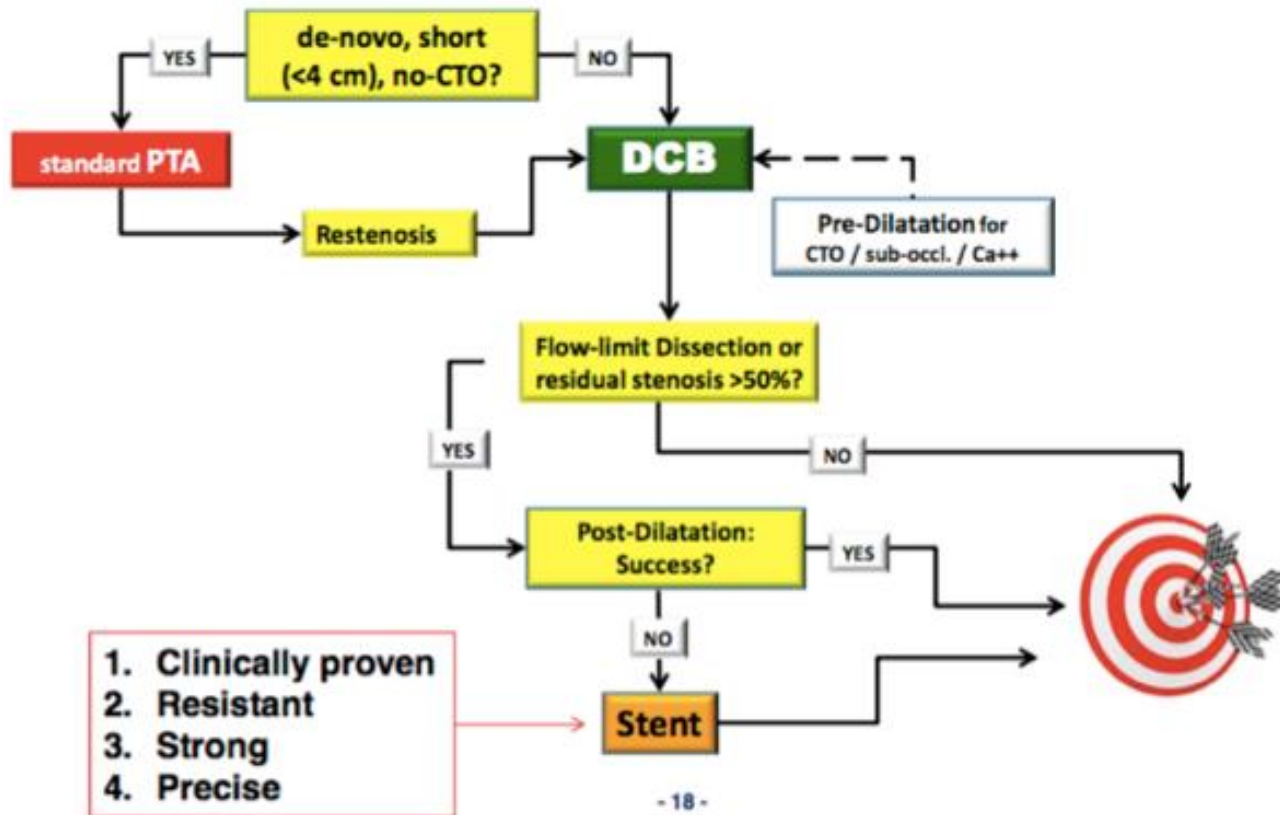
**Drug eluting balloon**

**Covered stent**

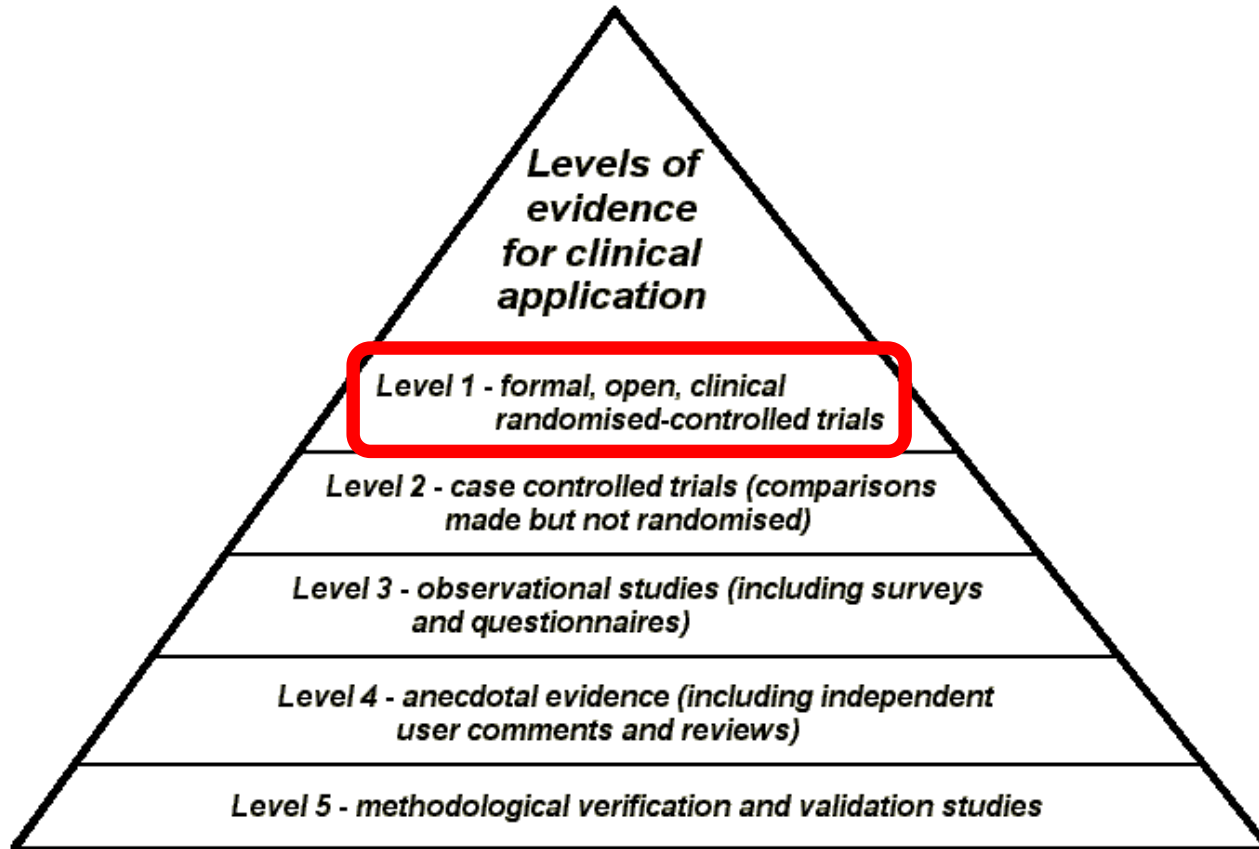
**Bioresorbable stent**

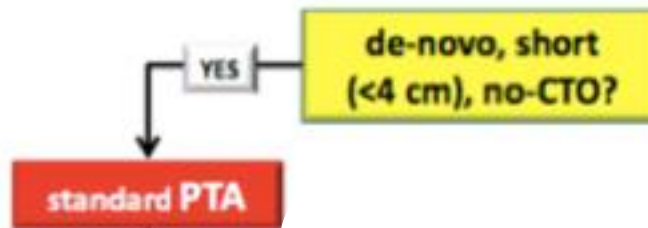
...

# Algorithme



# 5 levels of evidence





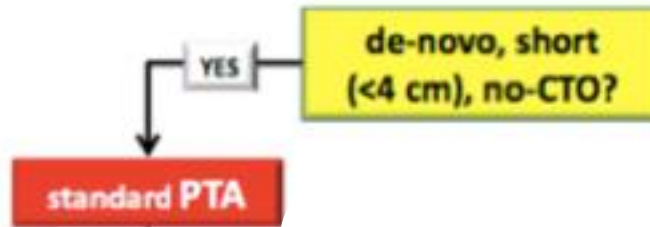
Systematic versus selective stent placement after superficial femoral artery balloon angioplasty: A multicenter prospective randomized study

Jean-Pierre Becquemin, MD,<sup>a</sup> Jean-Pierre Favre, MD,<sup>b</sup> Jean Marzelle, MD,<sup>c</sup> Chantal Nemoz, PhD,<sup>d</sup> Caroline Corsin,<sup>d</sup> and Alain Leizorovicz, MD,<sup>d</sup> *Crétail, St Etienne, Antony, and Lyon, France*

**Nitinol Stent Implantation Versus Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty in Superficial Femoral Artery Lesions up to 10 cm in Length : The Femoral Artery Stenting Trial (FAST)**

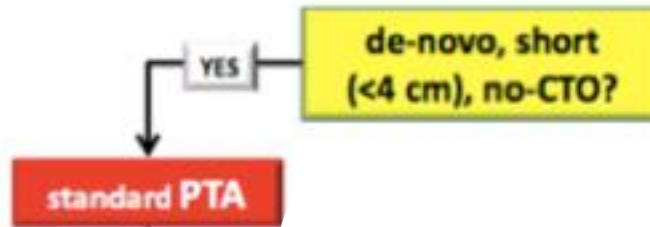
Hans Krankenberg, Michael Schlüter, Hermann J. Steinkamp, Karlheinz Bürgelin, Dierk Scheinert, Karl-Ludwig Schulte, Erich Minar, Patrick Peeters, Marc Bosiers, Gunnar Tepe, Bernhard Reimers, Felix Mahler, Thilo Tübler and Thomas Zeller

Becquemin, J Vasc Surg, 2003  
Krankenberg, Circulation, 2007



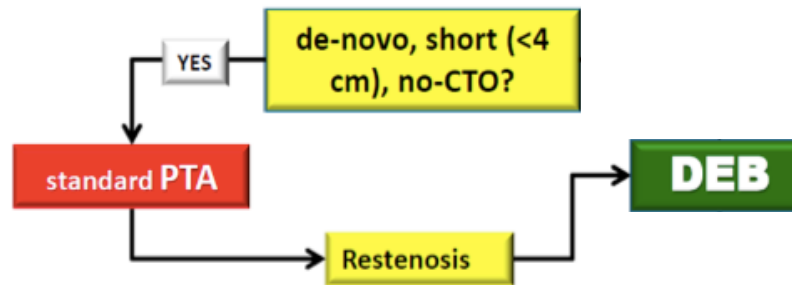
	Zilver PTX	MAJESTIC
<b>Length</b>	≤14-cm	≥30 mm and ≤110 mm
<b>Mean treated length (cm)</b>	61.8mm	70.8 ± 28.1

Dake, Circ Cardiovasc Interv. 2011  
 Müller-Hülsbeck, J Endovasc, Ther, 2016



	IN-PACT SFA	LEVANT 2	ILLUMINATE RCT
<b>Length (Inclusion criteria)</b>	4-18 cm length or occlusion with lengths of $\leq 10$ cm	$\leq 15$ cm	3-20 cm
<b>Mean treated length (cm)</b>	$8.94 \pm 4.89$	$6.28 \pm 4.10$	$7.2 \pm 5.2$





**Interventional Cardiology**

**Drug-Coated Balloon Versus Standard Balloon for Superficial Femoral Artery In-Stent Restenosis**  
**The Randomized Femoral Artery In-Stent Restenosis (FAIR) Trial**

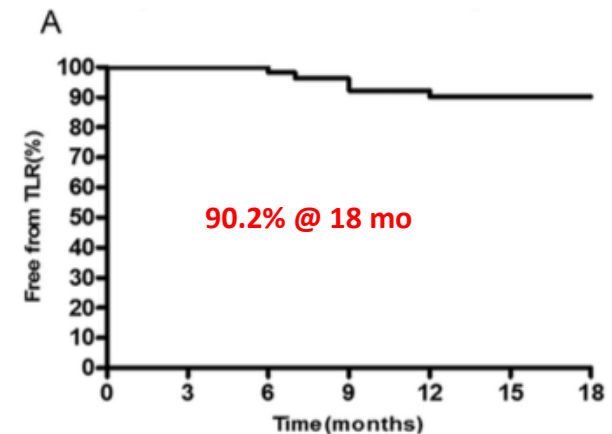
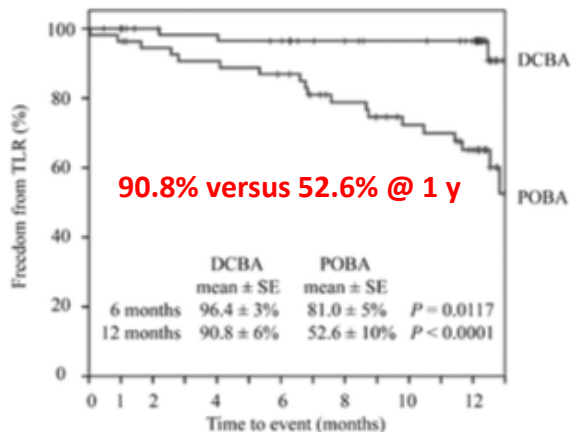
Hans Krankenberg, MD<sup>1</sup>; Thilo Tübler, MD<sup>2</sup>; Maja Ingwersen, DVM<sup>3</sup>; Michael Schlüter, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Dierk Scheinert, MD<sup>5</sup>; Erwin Blessing, MD<sup>6</sup>; Sebastian Sixt, MD<sup>7</sup>; Arne Kieback, MD<sup>8</sup>; Ulrich Beschoner, MD<sup>9</sup>; Thomas Zeller, MD<sup>10</sup>

**Femoropopliteal In-stent Restenosis Repair: Midterm Outcomes After Paclitaxel Eluting Balloon Use (PLAISIR Trial)**

N. Bague <sup>a</sup>, P. Julia <sup>b</sup>, A. Sauguet <sup>c</sup>, J.M. Pernès <sup>d</sup>, P. Chatelard <sup>e</sup>, J.F. Garbé <sup>f</sup>, S. Penillon <sup>g</sup>, J.M. Cardon <sup>h</sup>, P. Commeau <sup>i</sup>, O. Planché <sup>j</sup>, B. Guyomarch <sup>a</sup>, Y. Gouëffic <sup>a,k,l,\*</sup>

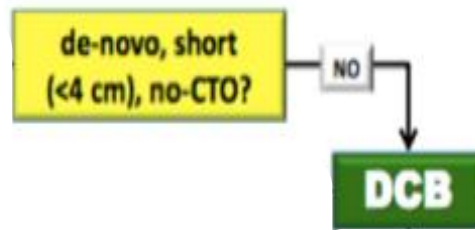
Mean lesion length: 82.2 ± 68.4 mm  
 Complete occlusion: 28.6%

Prospective registry (In Pact Admiral, Medtronic)  
 53 patients



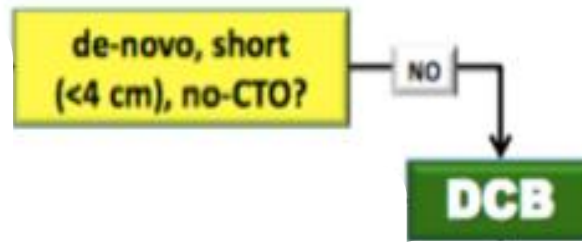
Patients at risk	0	1	2	4	6	8	10	12
DCBA	62	62	57	55	53	48	45	41
POBA	55	53	50	48	45	37	31	25

Months	0	3	6	12	18
Patients at risk (n)	55	54	53	44	40
Rate (%±SD)	100	100	98.1±1.9	90.2±4.2	90.2±4.2



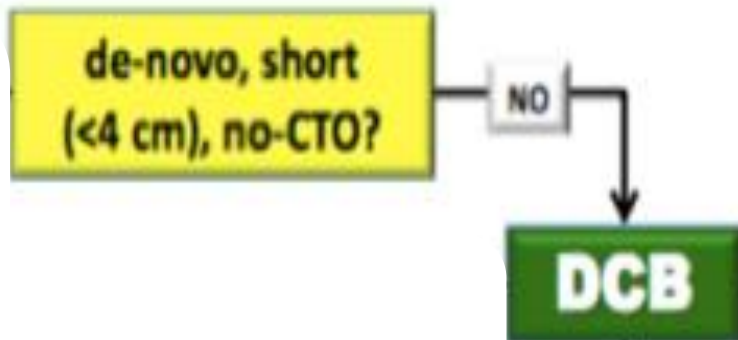
	<b>IN-PACT SFA (DEB arm)</b>	<b>LEVANT 2 (DEB arm)</b>	<b>ILLUMINATE RCT (DEB arm)</b>	<b>RANGER SFA (DEB arm)</b>
<b>Patients (n)</b>	220/111	316/160	222/72	71/34
<b>Mean age</b>	67.5 ± 9.5	67.8 ± 10.0	67 ± 9	68 ± 8
<b>Intermittent claudication (%)</b>	91	92.1	98	/
<b>Mean length (cm)</b>	8.94 ± 4.89	6.28 ± 4.10	7.2 ± 5.2	6.8 ± 4.6
<b>Severe calcifications (%)</b>	8.1	10.4	13	36
<b>Occlusions</b>	25.8	21	19	34

Tepe, Circulation, 2014; Rosenfield, NEJM, 2015 ; Schroeder, Circulation, 2017; Bausback, J Endovasc Ther ,2017



	IN-PACT SFA	LEVANT 2	ILLUMINATE RCT	RANGER SFA
Provisionnal stenting (%)	7.3	2.5	15	21
Primary patency rates at 12 months (%) (proportional rate)	82.2 vs. 52.4 p <0.001	65.2 vs. 52.6 p <0.02	83.9 vs. 60.6 p <0.001	86 vs 56 P<0.001
Primary patency rates at 24 months (%)	78.9 vs. 50.1 p < 0.001	58.6 vs. 53.0 p=0.05	89 vs 65 p <0.001	NA

Tepe, Circulation, 2014; Rosenfield, NEJM, 2015 ; Schroeder, Circulation, 2017; Bausback, J Endovasc Ther ,2017



**In/Ex criteria ?**

- Long lesions
- Failure of vessel prep
- Severe calcification

de-novo, short  
( $<4$  cm), no-CTO?

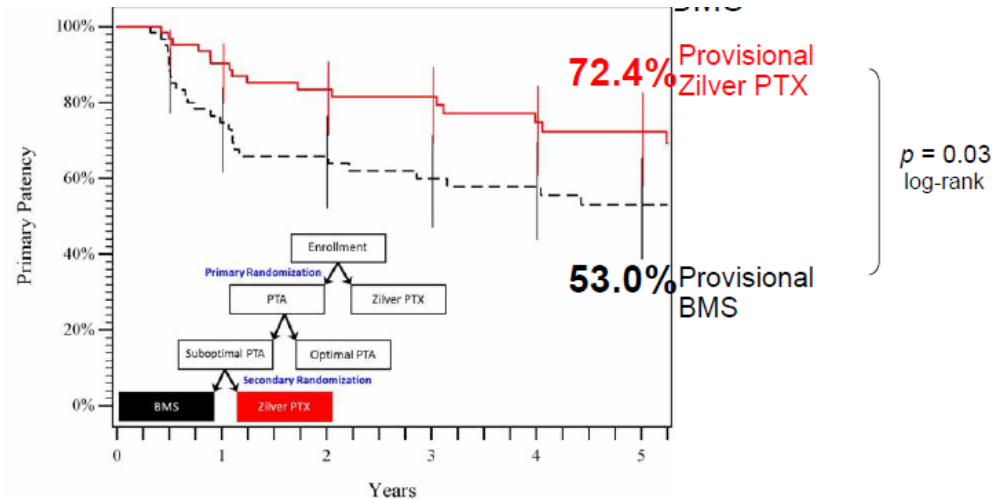
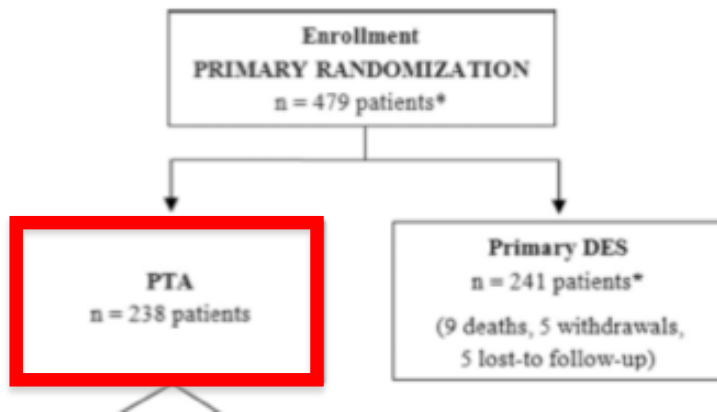
NO

**BMS – DES**



# Zilver PTX RCT

Zilver PTX vs POBA for TASC A/B femoropopliteal lesions  
At 5 years, sustained clinical, morphological and hemodynamic outcomes



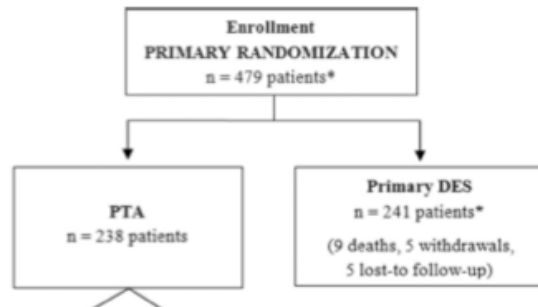
Dake, Circ Cardiovasc Interv. 2011  
Dake, Circulation, 2016

# Sample size calculation of Zilver-PTX RCT

## First arm of randomization

### Primary end point

12-month rates of event-free survival and patency in the primary DES and PTA groups

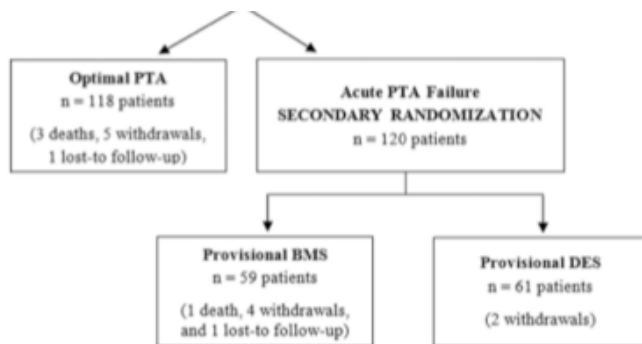


describing femoropopliteal PTA outcomes.<sup>21-26</sup> The calculation assumed the 12-month primary patency rates were 65% and 80% in the PTA and DES groups, respectively. Power analysis was performed

**479 patients to include**

## Second arm of randomization

- Sub groups
- Secondary endpoints



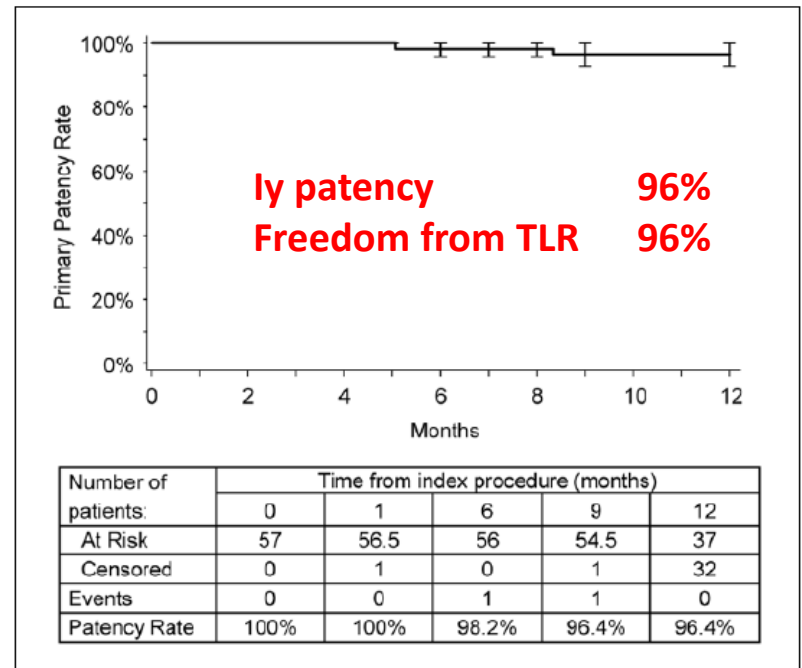
# Twelve-Month Results From the MAJESTIC Trial of the Eluvia Paclitaxel-Eluting Stent for Treatment of Obstructive Femoropopliteal Disease

Journal of Endovascular Therapy  
2016, Vol. 23(5) 701-707  
© The Author(s) 2016  
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sagepub.com/journalsPermissions.nav  
DOI: 10.1177/1526602816650206  
www.jevt.org  
SAGE 

Stefan Müller-Hülsbeck, MD<sup>1</sup>, Koen Keirse, MD<sup>2</sup>, Thomas Zeller, MD<sup>3</sup>, Herman Schroë, MD<sup>4</sup>, and Juan Diaz-Cartelle, MD<sup>5</sup>

## Prospective, multicentre, single-arm, open label (n= 57)

Mean age **69 ± 9 years**  
Diabetes **35%**  
Restenotic lesions -  
Mean lesion length **70.8 ± 28.1 mm**  
Occlusions **46%**  
TASC A/B **90%**

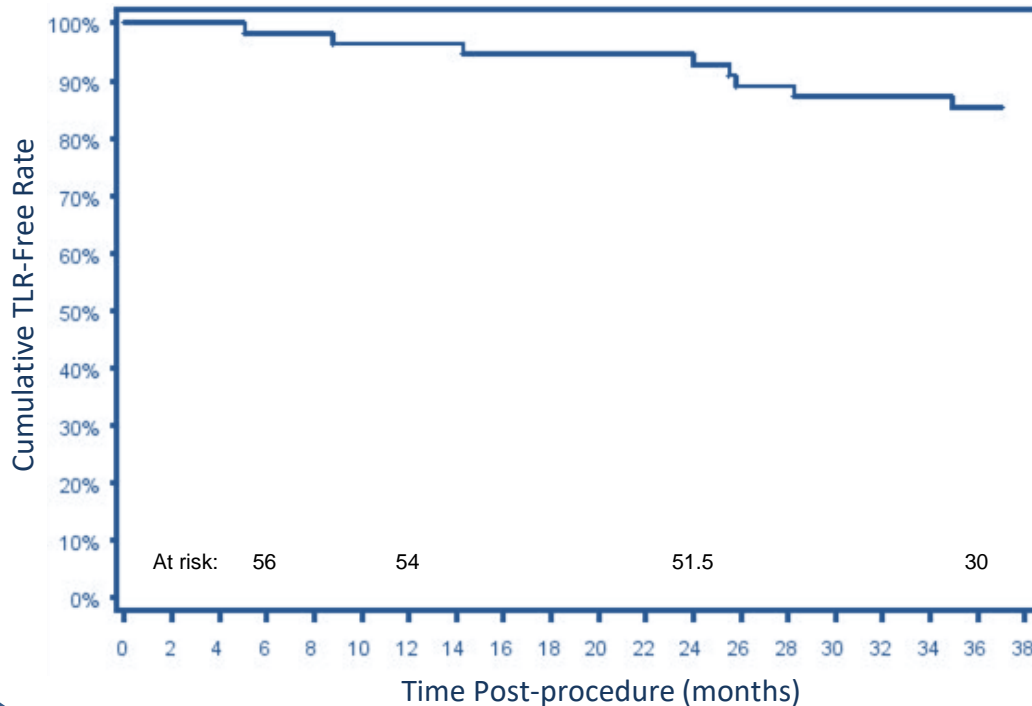




# Majestic at 36 months

## 36-Month Freedom from TLR

Kaplan-Meier Estimate



**85.3%** freedom from TLR rate (K-M estimate)

No target limb major amputations

2 deaths at >365 days post-procedure, unrelated to study device or procedure

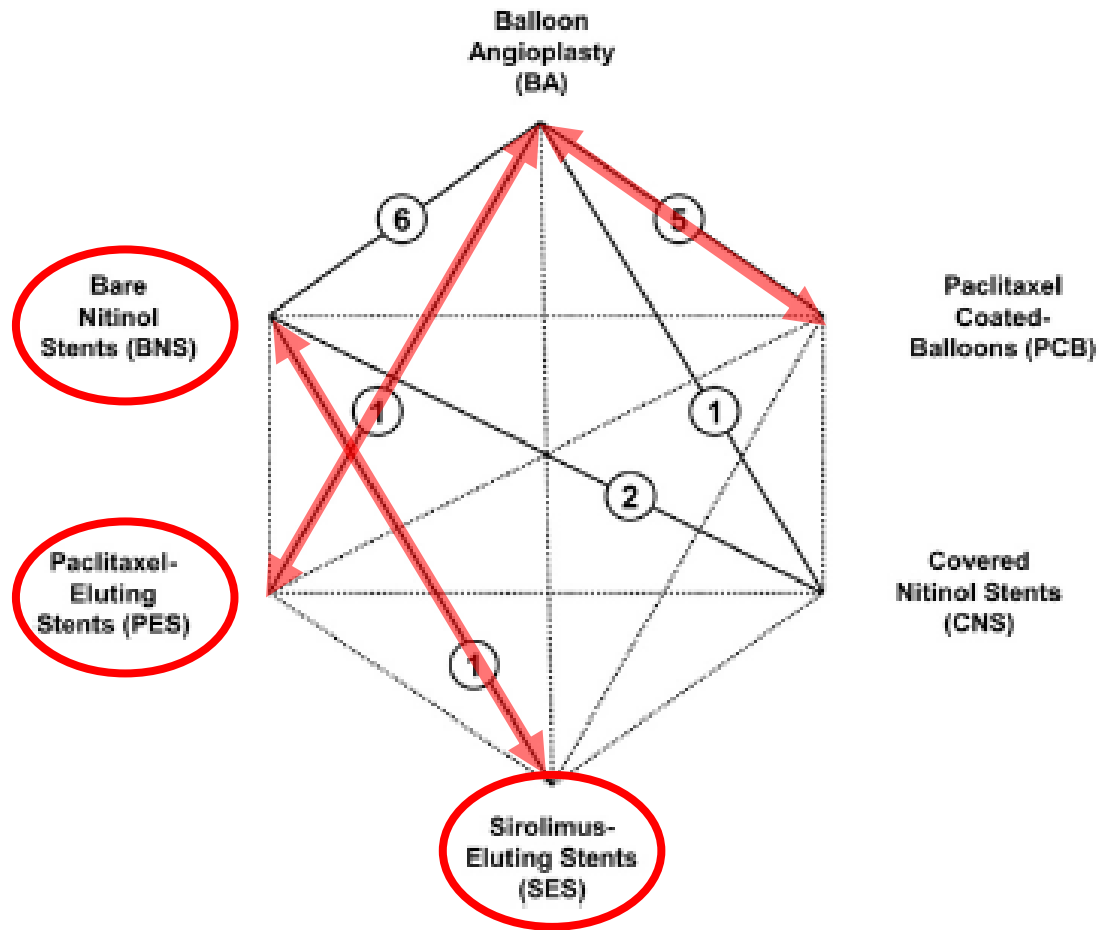
No stent fractures

**12 Months**

**24 Months**

<b>TLR</b>	<b>96.4%</b>	<b>92.8%</b>
<b>Primary Patency<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>96.4%</b>	<b>83.5%</b>
<b>Assisted Primary Patency</b>	<b>98.2%</b>	<b>88.9%</b>

# Few head to head comparison between devices for FP lesions treatment



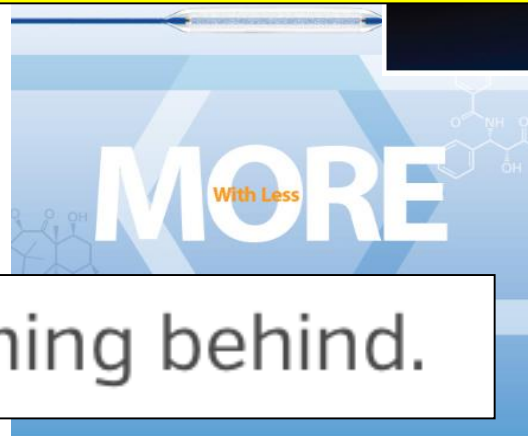
# POBA

## the weakest competitor





**No high level evidence support an  
algorithm to treat  
femoropopliteal lesions > 4-cm**



leaving nothing behind.

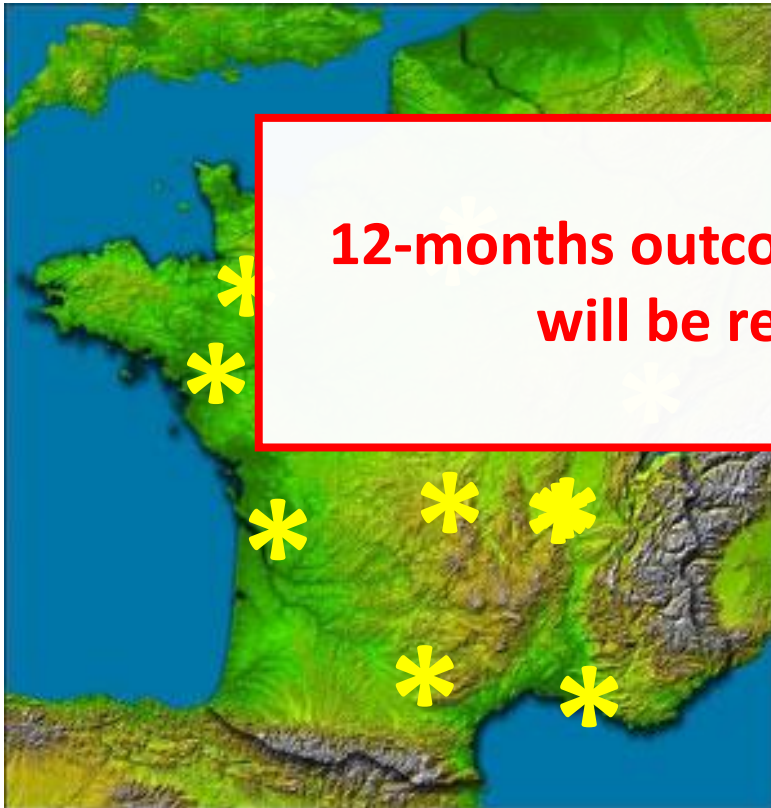




# BATTLE trial

(ClinicalTrials.gov number, NCT02004951)

French multicentric randomized clinical trial comparing MISAGO vs. ZILVER PTX for the treatment of intermediate femoropopliteal lesions



**12-months outcomes with 186 patients will be released in 2018**

**10 centers:** Clinique d'Antony (Jean-Marc PERNES); CHU de Besançon (Simon RINCKENBACH); CHU de Bordeaux (Eric DUCASSE); CHU de Clermont Ferrand (Eugenio DESGRANGES); CHU de Montpellier (Pascal FEUGIER); CHU de Lyon (Patrick LERMUSIAUX); CHU de Besançon (Patrick LERMUSIAUX); Clinique Ollioules (Philippe COMMEAU); CHU de Rennes (Alain GARDON); Clinique Pasteur (Antoine SAUGUET); CHU de Nantes (Yann GOUËFFIC)

**Principal investigator: Pr Gouëffic**  
**Sponsor: Nantes University Hospital**  
**Granted from the French ministry of health (PHRC 2010 DGOS 20-03)**

# IMPERIAL trial

## Clinical Study Overview: IMPERIAL

Enrollment completed

<b>Title</b>	A randomized trial comparing the ELUVIA drug-eluting stent versus Zilver PTX stent for treatment of superficial femoral and/or proximal popliteal arteries
<b>Primary Investigators</b>	Global: William A. Gray, MD European: Prof. Dr. med Stefan Müller-Hülsbeck
<b>Objective</b>	To evaluate the safety and effectiveness of the ELUVIA Drug-Eluting Vascular Stent System (ELUVIA Stent) for treating Superficial Femoral Artery (SFA) and/or Proximal Popliteal Artery (PPA) lesions up to 140 mm in length.
<b>Study Design</b>	The trial consists of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>•A prospective, multicenter, 2:1 randomized (ELUVIA vs Zilver PTX), controlled, single-blind, non-inferiority trial (RCT)</li><li>•A concurrent, non-blinded, non-randomized, single-arm, pharmacokinetic (PK) substudy</li></ul> A subject may be enrolled in the RCT or the substudy; but not in both

# EMINENT Clinical Study

## Clinical Study Overview: EMINENT

Ongoing

<b>Title</b>	A Randomized Trial Comparing the ELUVIA™ Drug-Eluting Stent versus Bare Metal Self-Expanding Nitinol Stents in the Treatment of Superficial Femoral and/or Proximal Popliteal Arteries
<b>Coordinating Principal Investigators</b>	Prof. Yann Goueffic, Nantes, France Prof. Giovanni Torsello, Münster, Germany
<b>Objective</b>	To confirm superior effectiveness of the ELUVIA Drug-Eluting Vascular Stent System (ELUVIA Stent) for treating Superficial Femoral Artery (SFA) and/or Proximal Popliteal Artery (PPA) lesions up to 140 mm in length when compared against bare metal stents, and collect additional data including health economics data.
<b>Study Design</b>	Prospective, multi-centre, single-blind, superiority trial (RCT) Randomized 2:1 (Eluvia : Self Expanding BMS)
<b>Subjects</b>	750 subjects to receive treatment <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Test Device – Eluvia Drug Eluting Vascular Stent System<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• N=500 subjects</li></ul></li><li>• Control device N=250<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Self Expanding Bare Nitinol Stents with US approval and CE marking</li></ul></li></ul>

Caution: Eluvia is an investigational device limited under US law for investigational use only. Not available for sale in the U.S.



## EMINENT enrollment by country

<u>Country</u>	<u>Enrollment</u>	<u>Sites Activated to Enroll</u>
AT	21	3
BE	25	7
CH	8	4
DE	62	20
ES	13	1
FR	42	13
IE	1	1
IT	12	3
NL	6	3
UK	10	8
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>63</b>

Enrollment as of 23Jan2018

## Activated centers to enroll in France

<u>City</u>	<u>Center</u>	<u>Investigator</u>	<u>Enrollment</u>
Nantes	CHU NANTES	Goueffic	11
Lille	CHU Lille	Sobocinski	5
Clermont-Ferrand	CHU CLERMONT-FERRAND	Rosset	5
Toulouse	CL SARRUS TEINTURIERS	Sauguet	4
Paris	Hôpital Européen Georges-Pompidou	Del Guidice	4
Saint Nazaire	CHU de Saint-Nazaire	Guillemot	3
Lyon	HEH (CHU - HCL)	Feugier	2
Strasbourg	CHU STRASBOURG	Thaveau	2
Nancy	CHU Nancy	Settembre	2
Valenciennes	CHU Valenciennes	Bianchini	2
Dijon	CHU DIJON	Steinmetz	1
Champigny	Hôpital Privé Paul d'Egine	Becquemin	1
Créteil	CHU MONDOR (CHU - APHP)	Desgranges	0
Marseille	SCAPP TIMONE (CHU - APHM)	Bartoli	0

Enrollment as of 23Jan2018

# Take home message

- Lesions de novo < 4-cm: POBA
- Restenosis: DCB
- Lesions de novo > 4-cm: BMS, DES, DCB BUT POBA





# Drug eluting stent trials for TASC C/D femoropopliteal lesions

Eur J Vasc Endovasc Surg (2015) ■, 1–7

## Treatment of TASC C and D Femoropopliteal Lesions with Paclitaxel eluting Stents: 12 month Results of the STELLA-PTX Registry

J.-M. Davaine <sup>a,b,d</sup>, J. Querat <sup>a,d</sup>, A. Kaladji <sup>a</sup>, B. Guyomarch <sup>a,c</sup>, P. Chaillou <sup>a</sup>, A. Costargent <sup>a</sup>, T. Quillard <sup>b</sup>, Y. Gouëffic <sup>a,b,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> CHU Nantes, l'institut

<sup>b</sup> Laboratoire de physique

<sup>c</sup> CHU Nantes, l'institut

### ORIGINAL ARTICLES

J CARDIOVASC SURG 2013;54:115-22

## *The Zilver<sup>®</sup> PTX<sup>®</sup> Single Arm Study: 12-month results from the TASC C/D lesion subgroup*

M. BOSIERS <sup>1</sup>, P. PEETERS <sup>2</sup>, J. T  
FOR THE ZILVER

*Clinical Investigation*

## Comparable 2-Year Restenosis Rates Following Subintimal and Intraluminal Drug-Eluting Stent Implantation for Femoropopliteal Chronic Total Occlusion

Takayuki Ishihara, MD<sup>1</sup>, Mitsuyoshi Takahara, MD, PhD<sup>2,3</sup>, Osamu Iida, MD<sup>1</sup>, Yoshimitsu Soga, MD<sup>4</sup>, Keisuke Hirano, MD<sup>5</sup>, Yasutaka Yamauchi, MD, PhD<sup>6</sup>, Kan Zen, MD, PhD<sup>7</sup>, Daizo Kawasaki, MD, PhD<sup>8</sup>, Shinsuke Nanto, MD, PhD<sup>9</sup>, Hiroyoshi Yokoi, MD<sup>10</sup>, and Masaaki Uematsu, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>, on behalf of the ZEPHYR Investigators

JOURNAL OF  
**ENDOVASCULAR**  
THERAPY

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DOI: 10.1177/1526602816666261  
www.jevt.org  
**SAGE**

# 2-Year Results of Paclitaxel-Coated Balloons for Long Femoropopliteal Artery Disease



## Evidence From the SFA-Long Study

Antonio Micari, MD, PhD,<sup>a</sup> Roberto Nerla, MD,<sup>a</sup> Giuseppe Vadalà, MD,<sup>b</sup> Fausto Castriota, MD,<sup>a</sup> Chiara Grattoni, MD,<sup>a</sup> Armando Liso, MD,<sup>c</sup> Paolo Russo, MD,<sup>d</sup> Paolo Pantaleo, MD,<sup>e</sup> Giuseppe Roscitano, MD,<sup>f</sup> Alberto Cremonesi, MD<sup>a</sup>

**Prospective, multicenter, single-arm study**

**Age  $68 \pm 9$  years;**  
**Limbs: 105**  
**IC/CLI: 89.5/10.5**  
**Diabetes: 57.2%**  
**De novo lesions: 91.4%**  
**Lesion length (mm)  $251.71 \pm 78.9$ mm**  
**Total occlusions: 49.5%**

**Bailout stenting rate was 10.9%.**

